THE WEEKLY GLEANER. המאסף

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The Weekly Gleaner,

A PERIODICAL DEVOTED TO

RELIGION, EDUCATION, BIBLICAL AND JEWISH ANTIQUITIES, LITERATURE AND GENERAL NEWS.

JULIUS EICHMAN,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE 133 CLAY STREET.

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☞ All communications to be addressed "EDITOR OF THE GLEANER."

Poetry.

Little by Little.

"Little by little," as the acorn said,
As it slowly sank in its mossy bed,
"I am improving every day,
Hidden deep in the earth away."
Little by little each day it grew—
Little by little it sipped the dew;
Downward it sent out a thread-like root;
Up in the air sprang a tiny shoot;
Day after day, and year after year,
Little by little the leaves appear;
And the slender branches spread far and wide,
'Till the mighty oak is the forest's pride.

Far down in the depths of the dark blue sea,
An insect train work ceaselessly;
Grain by grain, they are building well,
Each one alone in its little cell.
Moment by moment, and day by day,
Never stopping to work or to play,
Rock upon rock they are rearing high,
'Till the top looks out on the sunny sky.
The gentle wind and the balmy air
Little by little bring verdure there;
'Till the summer sunbeams gayly smile
On the birds and flowers of the coral isle.

"Little by little," said a thoughtful boy,
"Moment by moment I'll well employ,
Learning a little every day,
And not spending all my time in play,
And still this rule in my mind shall dwell,
Whatever I do, I'll do it well.
Little by little I'll learn to know
The treasured wisdom of long ago;
And one of these days, perhaps, we'll see
That the world will be the better for me."

Modern Roman Inquisition on British Territory.

BY REV. GIACINTO ACHILLI, D. D.

That same system which at this moment flourishes in Rome, which has never yet been either worn out or modified, and which, at this present time, in the jargon of the priests, is called the "holy Roman, universal, apostolic inquisition." Holy, as the place where Christ was crucified is holy; apostolic, because Judas Iscariot was the first inquisitor; Roman and universal, because from Rome it extends over all the world.

It is denied by some that the Inquisition, which exists in Rome as its center, is extended throughout the world by means of the missionaries. The Roman inquisition and the Roman Propaganda are in close connection with each other. Every bishop who is sent *in partibus infidelium*, is an inquisitor, charged to discover, through the means of his missionaries, whatever is done or said by others in reference to Rome, with the obligation to make his report secretly. The apostolic nuncios are all inquisitors, as also are the apostolic vicars.

Here, then, we see the Roman Inquisition extending into the most remote countries. In India, for instance—who would ever believe that the Inquisition was at work there? So far from Rome! in the dominions of the English! The bare assertion would meet with ridicule. "Oh! the Inquisition in India! No, no, we cannot believe that. In name, indeed, it may be there, but never in actual reality." Fortunately, however, I have a letter by me, which I received in this country in March last. The original has been seen by many persons; among others, by Sir Culling E. Eardley, through whom, indeed, I received it. It came to hand very opportunely. It is written in English, and, if not elegant in its phraseology, it is at least sincere, and to be depended upon. It is as follows:

"DEAR AND REVEREND SIR,—I hope you will excuse me, if I, who am a stranger to you, take the liberty to address you the present letter. But the same God who delivered you from the brutal hands of your persecutors (for which I congratulate you) has given me courage to rise from the lethargy in which I was; and, kneeling before His presence, I heard a voice,* saying, Write to Mr. Achilli for advice, and fly again from this Babylon. Therefore, full of confidence, I take the pen in order to relate to you all my story.

"I am a Roman Catholic priest, and as soon as I was ordained, being very anxious to preach the Gospel to the poor Hindoos, I left Rome on the 2d of March, 1840, being then twenty-three years of age, and was sent by *Propaganda Fide* to India; and there, being able to speak the English language, I was appointed by the Roman Catholic bishop of Bombay, as military Chaplain, and was sent to a military camp at Belgium, where I was a very zealous and bigoted Roman Catholic priest, till God was pleased to open my eyes in the following manner:

"A Protestant clergyman of the Church of Scotland, named Taylor, celebrated the marriage of two Catholics, and this hurt my feelings very much; therefore I thought it my duty to write him a letter in very impolite manner, as is the custom of all Roman Catholic priests to do, to which he answered very kindly, and sent me also some Protestant books to read; of course I refused to read them, and I returned them to him. But God put it into his heart to call on me, as he did. He spoke to me a new language, which I had never before heard; it was the language of a true Christian—(how the sinner is justified before God.) This language, by the grace of God, touched my heart in such a manner that I took a Protestant book and began to read. It was 'The Spirit of the Papacy' which opened my eyes, and I began to perceive the errors of the Church of Rome. Then, quite another man, I opened the Holy Bible, and confirmed myself that the Catholic religion is in perfect contradiction to the Word of God, and that the Protestant church was the church in which God called me; therefore, I opened my mind to the Rev. Mr. Jackson, who was the military Protestant chaplain at Belgaum, and a great friend of mine. He advised me to write to Dr. Carr, bishop of Bombay, which I did; and his lordship was pleased to answer me in a very polite manner, begging me to write my sentiments about the presence of our Lord Jesus Christ in the Sacrament,* and a treatise on the spiritual power of the Pope, which I also did; and then he wrote to me to go to Bombay, where I embraced the Protestant religion.

"A Spanish Jesuit priest, named Francis Xavier Serra, whom I never saw before, called on me in a secular dress, and, speaking the Italian language well, he told me that he was an Italian layman, and, having heard that I was an Italian, too, he called on me; but he did not mention anything about religion, saying that he did not care about it; and he was very kind to me. He called on me four or five times. One day, being a very agreeable evening, he begged me to take a round with him, which I did. We went near the Catholic church, and, to my great surprise, I was seized by four men, and taken before the vicar general, where they forced me to write a letter to the Protestant minister, Mr. Valentine, in whose house I lived, stating my intention to return to the Catholic religion; which, I am very sorry to say, I did. They closed me up in a room, till Sunday, when the vicar took me, by force, to the pulpit, and dictated to me what I was to say to the congregation; and he obliged me to declare that I left the Catholic religion for worldly motives, which was quite contrary to my sentiments. When night came, they took me from the room in which I was closed, and delivered me to the captain of a French ship, as a prisoner, with the order to take care of me to Marseilles, where he delivered me to the bishop, who, with a French priest, sent me to Rome. From Rome I was sent, as a punishment, to a convent at Perugia, where I remained five years, till I again got my liberty, and returned to Rome. This was in November, 1848."

* When we read in the Bible, or in other theological writings, about hearing the Voice of God, it always means realizing that voice internally—by intuition.—ED. GLEANER.

* The orthodox church, not understanding the idiom of the Hebrew or Aramaic, mistook a certain figure of speech of the Teacher of Nazareth for a prose dictum; hence, the Church believes that the Jewish ceremony of breaking bread and saying *Kiddush* over a cup of wine (which was adopted by the Church, as was the Jewish or heathen ceremony of baptism), transforms the bread and wine actually into the body of Jesus; and that the partakers thereof actually partake of the flesh and blood of Jesus. What a pity that all orthodoxy is so stubbornly blind.

London Daily Papers.

London has at least four daily penny papers, the Morning News, Standard, Telegraph and Star. Some of these have a circulation only limited to the capacity of their mechanical means of working off the impressions. The Standard and Telegraph are supposed to publish from 40,000 to 60,000 copies. They are printed on double sheets of large size, with eight pages as large as the twelve or sixteen pages of the Times. The Star is on a single sheet, and has, probably, a larger evening and morning circulation. These papers are well edited—the Standard particularly so—giving two or three leaders scarcely inferior to the lucubrations of the Times.—*N. Y. Times.*

UNSUCCESSFUL AUTHORS.—Many a work succeeds because the mediocrity of the writer's idea corresponds exactly with the mediocrity of the public's ideas.

[From the Messenger.

Secret Baptism in the 18th Century.

An Austrian correspondent (R. Lowy, M. D.) writes to the "A. Z. D. J.:"

The article in No. 37 of your paper, headed, "The Unfortunate Mortara Family at Bologna," affords me an opportunity for communicating to you a similar case which occurred in my family about a century ago and the magnanimous decision given by Maria Theresa, of glorious memory.

The Israelite, Isaac L., had obtained as his property, in the borough of P., in Moravia, in the circle of Zniam, a distillery, a potash manufactory, and a tannery. As an honest and well-informed man he and his wife stood in high favor with the lord of the estate, Count N., and had the honor of receiving visits from the various members of the family of the count. These visits often came quite unexpectedly, and at any time; occasionally without any special object at all, whilst just passing, or in order to make some small purchase, or to give commissions. From the conduct of the whole noble family it was clear that it was much devoted to its *protege*, and considered him with love and esteem.

Isaac L. was also highly respected and beloved by his co religionists, for not only was he rich, learned, religious, and benevolent, but he had, at his own expense, built a synagogue in the borough. This synagogue L. presented to the congregation, on the peculiar condition that as long as any member of his family lived at P. a seat should be reserved for each of them.

Isaac L. had several children, among these, two boys, who did not much differ in age. These fell very dangerously ill at the same time. The intelligence thereof reached the house of the count, which manifested the deepest sympathy in the sorrow of the beloved Jewish family. As usual one or the other of the members of the count's family came to the dwelling of the *protege*, without their presence being immediately perceived, the parents being engaged in the distillery, tannery, or potash manufactory. Thus it happened that the visit of a daughter of the count to the sick children remained unnoticed. Soon afterwards the boys, to the happiness of the parents, recovered. After the lapse of several years the same young lady was taken ill and as the hope for her recovery became less and less, the sacrament, according to the Catholic rites, was administered to her, she having previously confessed to the priest.

In this confession the lady is said to have stated that whilst on a visit to the sick children of the Jew, she, nobody else being at the time in the room, baptised one of the two boys, without her ever being able to tell which. The consciousness that a baptised child, consequently a Christian soul, lived in a Jewish house as a Jew, had always disquieted her, and she could not die in peace nor attain bliss hereafter unless the child were forthwith taken from his Jewish parents, and brought up as a Christian. The young lady died after the confessor had promised to do what was in his power to preserve the baptised child for the Christian religion.

Soon afterwards the circumstance was reported to Isaac, with the addition that both his children would be taken from him and brought up as Christians. In consequence thereof he, on the very same night, without a moment's delay, sent them away secretly to his brother-in law, the rabbi at Lieben, near Prague, who kept the children concealed in his house, and had them educated in the religion of their fathers.

The priest however did not let the matter rest, but insisted upon the surrender of both boys, arguing that as it was not known which of the two boys was baptised, in order to remove every doubt, both must be taken from their parents and brought up as Christians. But as the father refused to betray the place of their sojourn, and the efforts of the authorities for ascertaining it proved useless, he was thrown into prison, laden with chains, and had for a considerable period to languish and suffer in jail.

The melancholly event was soon generally known, and many men of distinction exerted themselves to get him released from prison. But at first all endeavours proved fruitless, until at last all the Jewish congregations in Moravia took up the matter, and presented a petition direct to the Empress Maria Theresa, in which they depicted the case in all its true colors.

The Empress, although, as known, sincerely attached to the Catholic religion, yet, in the merciful spirit of her great ancestor Rudolph, perceived that a great wrong had been done to the Jew I. L., at a period when religious matters were viewed quite diffierently from what is now the case, and ordered forthwith that he should be at once discharged from prison, and that his two children should be left to him, whom he might bring up in his own religion.

At the same time a law was promulgated by which everybody, and especially midwives, were forbidden under the severest penalties, to administer secret baptism to Jewish children, and every such baptism was moreover declared null and void. This law, which to this day is in full force in Austria, likewise interdicts the baptism of any minor without the consent of the parents or guardians, which consent must moreover be given in writing, and be laid before the authorities.

The two boys remained in Bohemia, grew up, and founded families in Neubidschow ahd Toplitz, whilst some of the other members of the family remained at P., or settled at Vienna.

I. L. lived many years afterwards at P., unmolested, and when he died the chains with which he had been laden in prison were, at his express desire, deposited with his remains in the grave. Peace to his ashes!

The Jews of Rome.

The late public denunciations against the Jesuits have quite exasperated them. To prevent the recurrence of "Mortara cases," the prohibition of Jews employing Christian servants is strictly enforced. We copy the following from the London Jewish Chronicle of December 17:

The police continues its visits in Jewish families, in order to ascertain whether any Christian domestics are kept by them. These visits often take place at very unreasonable hours. When, some time ago, a Jew remarked to the intruders that it was rather inconvenient to be disturbed by them, the ruffians fell upon and beat him so severely that he was confined to his bed for three weeks. The Jews of Rome groan under the heavy yoke weighing upon them, and many of them anxiously look for the means to escape from a bondage as bitter as that of their ancestors in Egypt. The Mortara family has received a definite answer to its memorial, that "baptism once administered cannot be revoked." Nor were the parents any longer permitted to see their child, on the plea that when they came it was sick. This will account for their leaving the Papal States. Since the foregoing was in type a much esteemed correspondent, well aquainted with what passes in Rome, and in whose accounts we place implicit confidence, has favored us with the following communication:—"The Inquisition is again at some of its ancient practices in Rome. In the early part of the present month the *Sbirri del Vicario* (officers of the Vicar) were engaged in searching Jewish houses, and wherever they found other than Habrew servants employed, they fined the occupant who had hired them. The mean and despicable manner in which these officials performed their work was well worthy of Jesuitry in its palmiest days. This body of officers is seperate and distinct from the regular uniformed police of the city and wear nothing to distinguish them from other citizens, but they are known to the police, who are bound to assist them in ther nefarious work. They are composed of the same body that kidnapped the doubly to be pitied Mortara child at Bologna. Can it be possible that Pope Pius the Ninth will in this age permit the re-introduction of the so-called Canonical Law, under which the Jesuits inflicted all kinds of wrongs on every denomination, not excepting at times the somewhat liberal minded Catholics who did not yield prompt obedience to them? When will the cup be full, and the Papal States begin their march of decay, in the wake of their prototype, proud Spain, that used to be, but now despoiled of all her grandeur?. For this is the doom which a just King, the God of Israel, has pronounced against all who persecute these, who, in every country where they can, become the best of citizens and the most loyal of subjects. Our dates from Rome are to the 3rd inst., and it is stated that on the previous Monday the parents of the child Mortara had left for Bologna, having received a definitive answer to the effect that "baptism once administered cannot be revoked." We would ask, however, in this case was baptism *duly* at all administered? Was a girl of notoriously bad character capable according to the law fo the church to confer baptism, even if she knew the rules to be observed to carry out the object? but which we know she did not from the testimany of the very man whom she said had told her to do it. Was she a fit character, in or out of the confessional, for a priest to associate his name with such an undertaking as the forcible separation of parents and child. The very latest advices touching the Mortara affair is that when the parents, for the last time, went to beg permission at least to see their child, they were refused even this right, in consequence, as they were told (doubtless a pretext), of "his having been ill"—the very reason why, civilized people would argue, they should have been granted the privilege which they asked. We regret to hear also that there was an overflow of the Tiber, which had submerged a great portion of the Jewish quarters of the city, and in consequence of which the poor were fearing pestilence when the river falls; this will add another pang to the hearts of those who, being poorly clad and short of provisions, have constantly before their eyes the dread of the other and greater misfortunes, disease and death.

Centralization.

The necessity of acting under the management of a proper head begins to be felt now. The abortive attempt of creating a Central Committee in New York, as also the following resolutions at the Philadelphia (?) meeting, testify the realization of such a requirement:

— That it is highly desirable that the Jewish communities of America, by delegate, in convention assembled, should agree upon a plan of concerted action.

— That the action of this meeting be communicated to Sir Moses Montefiore, London; A. T. Jones, Esq., Philadelphia; and Asher Kursheedt, Esq., New York.

— That the chairman of this meeting appoint a sub-committee of five (including the chair) to draft a memorial to be presented to the General Convention of Israelites of the United States.

Russian vs. American Charities.

We do not wonder at the spread of Catholicity; nor do we find it strange that men should adhere to what is supposed to be Jewish orthodoxy, when we see that all orthodoxy, in the state and in the church, is positive, while all Protestantism, *i. e.* reform, is tending to negatives, *i. e.* dissolution. Neither the Protestantism of the Church, nor the Reform of the Synagogue, have at all been able to produce any creation in the sphere of charitable institutions, that could at all compete with those of the orthodox parties.

It is to be lamented that the tree of knowledge, which is so desirable to behold, is so bitter in its fruit. But to return:

We noticed, in our last issue, a donation of 90,000 florins ($36,900), to a hospital, by one man. We read in the Zeitung des Judenthums that there are, in the University of Kiew, fifty Jewish students, of whom eight are quite poor. To provide for these, a few merchants joined and raised 10,000 roubles ($7,900), the interest of which sum is to be a means of support for poor Jewish students. Of such acts we can hear only in communities where religion has yet a positive hold. The names of the merchants who raised the sum are, Messrs. Gunzberg, Heilprin, and Horowitz, of Berditchen; Rosenberg and Weinstein, of Litomir.

A Silver Medal.

At the exhibition of Kiew, Russia, Mr. Achselhorne, an Israelite, received a silver medal, as a premium for the excellence of the silk which he cultivates.

Jewish Talent.

A Jewish child, eight years old, the daughter of a merchant of Litomir, Russia, displayed, from her earliest childhood, such a talent for music, that she participated, last winter, in a concert with young Wagner, on which occasion she received the loudest acclamation of the nobility present. The Russian nobility are capable of judging.

FLORENCE.—ARRIVAL OF THE MORTARA FAMILY.—Madame Mortara has fallen dangerously ill at Florence. The doctors prounounce her disease to be, "a broken heart." This simple tale needs no comment.

PALESTINE.—NUMBER OF JEWS.—According to Dr. L. A. Frankel there are now 10,639 Hebrews in the Holy land, 5,000 in Damascus, 180 in Beerut, and 240 in other places.

STRASBURG.—IMPERIAL LYCEUM.—At the last examination in this college, which is one of the best conducted in France, the Jewish scholars obtained 19 prizes.

BERLIN.—The "Jeshurun" informs us that the ministry has given permission to the wardens of the congregation to raise a loan of $200,000 for building the new synagogue, which will be forthwith commenced.

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Bankers.—The Union Bank of London.
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The Twenty-Second Annual Meeting of this Company was held on the 11th instant, when the following results of the business for the year ending 31st January last, was submitted to the Proprietors and Policy-holders.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Premiums for the year, £101,230 18 6—or about $560,000, which, after payment of all losses and expenses, and provision for all outstanding claims, left to the profit and loss a nett balance of $10,337.11, 6. About $54,000.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Premiums of 422 new Policies issued during the year	£9,228 8 0	50,000
Renewal Premiums and Interest	66 691 19 6	330,000
Total Revenue for the year	£75,920 7 9	380,000
Claims during the year	23.448 12 2	115,000
Number of Policies current, for capital amounting to	£1,977,722 11 1	10,000,000

FINANCIAL POSITION.

Amount of Accumulated Funds	£386,062 3 5	1,900,000
Revenue from all Sources	184,164 6 10	920,000

The Dividend declared was at the former rate of 7½ per cent. free of Income Tax.

Progress of the Company During the Past Five Years.

Revenue from		FIRE DEPARTMENT. £ s. d.	LIFE DEPARTMENT. £ s. d.
1st May, 1853, to 30th April, 1854		29,824 4 7	42,336 12 4
" 1854, to 31st Jan., 1855 (9 months)		87,803 0 0	38,374 2 11
1st Feb., 1855,	1856	77,850 19 9	62,194 7 11
" 1856,	1857	91,306 3 6	67,962 18 3
" 1857,	1858	101,230 18 6	75,920 7 6

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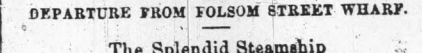

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To all parts of the United States and Canadas, and, through the "American and European Express and Exchange Company," to all parts of Europe. Execute Commissions, make Collections and Purchases, and attend promptly to all matters pertaining to the Express business

FORWARD DAILY EXPRESSES,
In charge of experienced and faithful Messengers, to all the Towns and Mining Camps in California.

FORWARD SEMI-MONTHLY EXPRESSES
To Oregon and Intermediate Points on the Northern Coast, Port Townsend and Olympia.

To San Diego and Intermediate Points on the Southern Coast, and by every vessel for the Sandwich Islands.

N B. For the better security of ourselves and the public, Agents in California, Oregon and Washington Territories, are furnished with "Appointments," or Commissions, specifying their powers as our Agents. Such "Appointments" they are required to keep exposed to the public view in their places of business.

OFFICE—Corner California and Montgomery-streets.
LOUIS McLANE,
General Agent for California.
G. W. BELL, SAMUEL KNIGHT, } Superintendents.
feb26-6m

BOARDING HOUSES, &c.

To our friends in the country and in the Atlantic States
St. NICHOLAS HOTEL
Corner of Sansome and Commercial Streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED (WELL KNOWN FOR THEIR expereince,) have fitted up this splendid building with especial regard to the comfort and convenience of both transient and permanent Boarders and Lodgers.

The St. Nicholas is the permanent residence of many Families, to whom it has become endeared as a **HOME**; consequently travellers stopping at this house are favored with the pleasures of good society—a desideratum seldom found in a hotel.

The table is well supplied with every delicacy. The House is open at all hours.

A coach will always be in attendance to convey guests to and from the boats.

REGENSBURGER & STERN.
jan29-5m

Private Boarding.
122 Commercial Street.

The undersigned is prepared to accommodate her friends with suitable BOARDING AND LODGING.

N. B. Thankful for the patronage of the past she hopes, by her endeavors and attention to the comfort of her Boarders to merit a continuance for the future.
marl9-tf MRS. STODOLE.

WORMSER BROTHERS,
Importers of and Dealers in
Wines and Liquors,
Southwest Corner California and Front-streets.

Orders from the country carefully and strictly attended to, and those who favor us may depend upon the quality sent invariably being such as ordered. feb26-3m

AUG. J. SAULMAN. F. L. LAUENSTEIN

SAULMANN'S
COFFEE SALOON,
GERMAN BAKERY, AND CONFECTIONARY,
Armory Hall Building,
No. 128 Montgomery Street, corner of Sacramento,
SAN FRANCISCO.
☞ AGENCY FOR RUSSIAN CAVIAR.

Wedding Ceremonies, Balls, Parties,
ETC. ETC. ETC.

ORDERS FOR CONFECTIONERY, PASTRY, JELLIES, CREAM, etc. for Wedding Ceremonies, Balls, and Parties, received by

SAULMAN,
—ARMORY HALL BUILDING,—
No. 128 Montgomery Street,

Who will furnish Families, Boarding Houses, and Hotels, with all articles usually sold in a Bakery and Confectionery Store, of a superior quality, on reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

His long residence and extended custom is sufficient warranty of the superiority of his productions. n5tf

PULU! PULU!
SCHREIBER'S
DEPOT,
180 JACKSON STREET,
NEXT DOOR TO HOTEL INTERNATIONAL.

Pulu is the Healthiest, Softest, Cheapest and most Durable Material for Bedding now in use.

The Genuine Dry Pulu

Is imported from the

SANDWICH ISLANDS.

And sold only by

Jacob Schreiber.
180 Jackson Street
NEXT DOOR TO HOTEL INTERNATIONAL.

FLEAS will not live in Pulu Bedding. ja7-tf.

מגילות
MEGILLOTH,
OF DIFFERENT SIZES & QUALITIES

TO BE HAD OF
MR. R. JACOBSON
South-east corner of Post and Stockton Streets.

כשר כשר

WASHINGTON MARKET 59 and 60.
L. MILLER & CO.
BEEF, MUTTON AND VEAL.
American Beef.

ORDERS to any part of the City and Country, will be forwarded with the greatest promptness.

ORDERS for FRESH VEGETABLES and FISH will be taken and forwarded to any part of the City according to order. dec9.

D. WOLF

Second-street, between Minnie and Mission,
Has always on hand a large and excellent assortment of
BEEF, MUTTON AND VEAL
Of a quality that cannot fail to recommend them to those who have heretofore honored him with their confidence.
Keeps constantly on hand—
Home-Cured Smoked and Salt Beef, Tongues, and Sausages, of all kinds.
N. B. Orders to any part of the city attended to with promptness. p16 3m

כשר כשר

DANIEL HARRIS,
Winchester Market,
Kearny-street, between Pine and Bush,
..No. 88...

All kinds of MEATS—Fresh, Home Cured, Smoked and Salt Beef, Tongues, Sausages, &c.
Also—VEGETABLES in their season.
N. B Orders to any part of the City PROMPTLY attended to with promptness.
☞ Mr. JACOBSON is the SHOCHET. 1m.3m4

שוחט *MR. B. SILVERBLAT,*
Is employed as Shochat by the following butchers:
B. ADLER.
L. MILLER,
— SOLOMON.
aug13tf

כשר COSHER BOARDING כשר

JOEL MINTZ has opened a Cosher Boarding House at No. 88 Commercial street, between Sansome and Battery. Gentlemen who wish to partake of a plain, healthy table, can be accommodated.

TO FAMILIES!
GROCERIES OF FIRST QUALITY,
at the well known old
WASHINGTON GROCERY
NO. 137 WASHINGTON STREET.

This well known store has, from the quality of goods and the fairness of the prices, gained too good a reputation to require any further self recommendation. The proprietor, therefore, only desires to bring to notice, that he has on hand an excellent assortment of German and English articles apper taining to his line, as: Dried Fruit, Pulse, Oatmeal, etc. (frish ground here) Pickles and Preserves; Delicious Dutch Herrings, all of which he is ready to dispose of,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
at moderate prices. j11-3m.

The Weekly Gleaner,

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1859 (5618.)

NOTICE.

Ophir Lodge No. 21, I. O. B. B., will hold their weekly meetings every Wednesday evening, at 7 1-2 o'clock, at the Temperance Hall in Washington, between Sansome and Montgomery streets.

Members and sojourning brethren of good standing are respectfully invited. F. TOPLITZ, Pres.

H. KOZMIMSKY, Sec.

The Romam Inquisition on British Territory.

To read of an Inquisition among the pretended followers of Jesus, shows the perversity of the human heart; to find its existence in the dominions of the Holy See, to this day, proves the pertinacity of the opposition of the rulers of Rome—the Jesuits—to the teachers of Judea; but to see the influence of that system exercised "for wrath" on British Territory, shows the danger that threatens human kind in the spread of Romanism in heretical countries.

We, indeed, do not write this with a view of offending Catholics, or of injuring the cause of Catholicity. It is a system of education that, in former days, has achieved much good on earth, and is now calculated to influence millions of minds of a certain cast; but we see danger, not in its effort to spread, but in its *usurpation of power*, and the application of ruse and worse than brute force in exercising that power over the whole human race. It seems that God has, for wise purposes, created man so differently; it is the view of the father that, though all his children shall lead a useful and moral life, yet he allows them to learn the principles of that morality in so many different schools (what are religious sects but different schools of educatian?), to progress gradually, according to their capacity. It is also the will of Heaven that ideas shall be diffused and propagated. We thus see the natural desire of all good men and societies that possess certain (assumed) truths, to try to spread them, if their inherent vitality is powerful enough to possess yet that propelling force; but Nature never intended that her children should be driven from one school into another; she could not intend that the schoolmaster of one school should be allowed brute force over the pupils of another; else there would be continual war; nor does she intend that, if a class has outgrown the school, and they want ideas, instead of shows, trinkets and puppets, the schoolmaster shall be allowed to go through the whole world with iron rods, to which to fix all dissidents, for the purpose of bringing them into one rank and file. No, no philanthropist can see, with indifference, the danger that threatens us by the spread of a sect which says—"I, and none else;" and which enjoins the persecution and extermination of heresies as a meritorious act, and imposes this war against dissidents upon all her agents in every country and kingdom. (See "Influence of the Roman Inquisition on British Ground.")

EXPORTS.—The value of merchandize exported from this city since January 31, is set at $113,161.

Cuba—Probable Issue.

Naboth has a vineyard near the palace of Ahab, King of Israel. The latter, desirous of an extension of his estate, covets the inheritance of his neighbor; but, at first makes offers of purchase. The refusal, on the part of Naboth, to sell an inheritance from his father, incenses the King; he turns sullen. Jezebel, his ingenious Queen, and cobweb-conscienced counsellor, devises means; and Ahab obtains the garden of his neighbor without price, by a single *coup d'etat*—by a little political *prudence*. Ahab, overjoyed at the acquisition, is about turning the garden to his own advantage, when

The word of the Lord came to Elijah, the Tishbite, saying—

Arise, go down to meet Ahab, king of Israel, which is in Samaria: behold he is in the vineyard of Naboth, whither he is gone down to posess it.

And thou shalt speak unto him, saying, Thus saith the Lord, Hast thou killed, and also taken posession? And thou shalt speak unto him, saying, Thus saith the Lord, * * * *

And Ahab satd to Elijah, Hast thou found me, O mine enemy? And he answered, I have found thee: because thou hast sold thyself to work evil in the sight of the Lord.

Behold, I will bring evil upon thee, and will take away thy posterity.—1 *Kings*, *chap.* 21.

For a full account, read the whole chapter.

Oddity and Eccentricity.

A good man in a degenerate community, and a bad man in a (comparatively) moral community, are both oddities; they stand alone. Washington among pirates, and Arnold among patriots, would both be oddities.

So it is with *eccentricity*, which word means "not central," "not middling." The best and the worst men were eccentric. Thus, they did not belong to the middle class; they were not middling, but *eccentric*, beyond mediocrity (another word for middling); and, if they lived in uncommon times, when the age or country was also eccentric—not middling, but uncommon good or bad,—the extremes could never meet; and we read of "banishing," "poisoning," and "crucifying" these eccentricities. Thus, these epithets are undeterminate. We shall illustrate it:—

When Israel made the golden calf, they petitioned Aaron; he was obliging, went with the populace, and made them the calf; he stood with them, and was not eccentric. Moses appeared, protested against, and broke the idol; and he and his adherents were eccentric,—*i. e.*, out of the midst, Achan, who stole articles from the booty taken from the Canaanites, as he was the only one who did steal of it, was an odd, eccentric man among the people; but, had he belonged to a company of thieves, he would have been neither on oddity nor an eccentricity.

FOR THE EAST.—The steamer Golden Age left on Saturday evening for Panama, taking about one hundred passengers. This was the smallest number of passengers that left by any steamer before. The Age took $1,132,510 in treasure.—The mail conveyed about $500,000 in Treasury drafts.

Public Schools.

Parents, do not allow yourselves to be mystified by attacks on public schools, on their teachers, and on the studies. We speak from experience. The worst management would be much better than that of the generality of parents, and of most private schools. We have had the opportunity of observing some few hundred children in California, and always found those who steadily attended the public schools the best educated.

As to the children troubling parents, by requiring them to assist them in the study of their lessons, there is no necessity for such assistance. Six daily hours at school—that is, from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., allowing one hour for recess,—is sufficient time for study. Let four of these be applied by the teacher for instruction, and the remaining two for studying the lessons. The children, coming home after a confinement of six hours, take their dinners till five o'clock; and from five to eight the young scholars may best employ their time by playing in the open air; and those of more advanced age, who stay up longer, may devote a portion of the evening to recreation and to reading. No physiologist or schoolmaster will advise a prolongation of school hours. No teacher, nor intelligent parent, nor board of education, will prolong sessions beyond five or, at most, six hours. In the Prussian colleges, the students, frequently youths from sixteen to eighteen years, have sessions from 8 to 11 A. M., and from 1 to 3 P. M.

Parents, do not allow yourselves to be mystified!

The Pacific Railroad.

In regard to the Pacific Railroad, we quote the following from the San Francisco National:

If the Congress of the United States at its present session, fails to consummate the great measure, so vital to our national welfare, we may bid a long farewell to the triumph of fraternal feeling between the different sections of the confederacy and a lasting adieu to the success of that party, which, having the numerical strengh in the halls of the legislation, yeilded to the seduction of local interests, and disregarded the trumpet tones of public wants from every quarter of the country, in failing to perfect the last and most irrefragible bond of union which can cause the lasting cohesion of these States. As a matter of public justice, the entire proceedings in Congress, with reference to the Pacific Railroad bill, should be spread upon the record, that every American citizen may know at once at whose door to lay the unpardonable crime of its defeat, if it is to be defeated. If traitors to the highest weal of the country are to hold places of honor and power, it should be known, that the masses, who have too long neglected their rights, may even at this late hour remedy the wrong. We envy not the man who places his name upon the journals of either house of Congress against the adoption of any fair measure, having for its final result the closer alliance of the citizens of the eastern and western sides of the continent—he consigns himself to an infamy as profound as the injury such vote may inflict upon our national existence and progress.

Steamers will leave on the 5th and 20th of each month for New Orleans, *via* Tehuantepec.

The Cloak is Buttons All Over.

A good bishop (Wilson, of the Isle of Man, England,) who had but about £200 a year, once had a tailor measure him for a cloak. The tailor, in making his estimate for material, exceeded the expectations of the good Bishop for the item

"Could not two buttons in front fasten of buttons.

the whole cloak?" asked the Bishop.

"To be sure, they can," rejoined the tailor; "but what is to become of the button-makers?—they would all starve."

"Well, then, make the coat buttons all over," replied the Bishop.

The largest paper in this city, reporting the number of robberies committed in the East (and, of course, we fully come up to the mark), says it is no use reporting them, as they are so numerous that the account no longer forms a news item. "Well," thought we, "quite right; the cloak is buttons all over." It is time for getting up new offices and honors—else we cannot get rid of bad names.

Mount Vernon Association.

The subject is too well known to require comment. We who, politically, owe so much to this country, will generously respond to the call. The purpose is to evince a mark of gratitude to the benefactor (not the father) of his country; and, had we no other object than the cultivation among ourselves, and teaching our children the above-mentioned virtues — which are almost forgotten among us—the amount required would be well applied—regardless of the more appropriate manner in which it could and ought to have been raised.

CHARITABLE LOTTERY AT CORK.—The prize of £500 given as a lottery prize by Mr. Arnold, was drawn on Thursday, by Mr. Michael Lyons. A far larger sum than the amount of the prize has been realized, and will be distributed in charity.—*Morning Herald.*

If we do not excel our forefathers in moral actions, we are considerably in advance of them in moral consciousness. Our awakened and advanced moral consciousness deprecates all gaming, gambling, and sensual recreation even under pretence of charity.—ED. GLEANER.

TWO FAMOUS WONDER-WORKERS.—For some time the scientific world and genteel society, especially in France, have been stirred up and snrprised by the incredible thaumaturgical operations of two extraordinary magnetizers, or invokers of spirits, as they would rather be called. These two famous wizards are Hume and Gunsburg. The first is an American Jew, and the second a Lithunian Jew.

THE INVENTOR OF THE MICROSCOPE.—Mr. D. Oppenhiem, of Gr. Beeskerek, communicates that Leibnitz, in his Otium Hanoveranum, page 185, states that an Israelitish physician, whose name is not mentioned, was the inventor of the microscope.

BUILDING.—It is estimated that over one hundred new dwelling houses are now in active course of construction in this city.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

"ALLELUJA."—A communication from "Alleluja" came to hand. He does not state what he wants us to do with it—no directions or letter accompanying it. Perhaps it was intended for publication; if so, the writer ought to have considered that seventeen pages, small quarto, polemical, theological, Christian matter, in a Jewish paper, cannot be inserted without some remark or apology by the editor—especially as such was omitted on the part of "Alleluja." The subject is excellent, the ideas compact, the theology stereotype orthodox Christian. This very fact ought to have suggested to the writer the idea that, as the theology of the GLEANER is liberal, the insertion will elicit some comment, of an improving nature to the reader, which would swell the subject considerably. It was a very excellent idea in our correspondent to bring what we style "true, Christian, stereotype theology" before the reader; for we think that, as natives may profit by reading what others think of them, all sects may profit much by reading what other systems teach. We would have given it insertion, at all hazards,—as we do not think the writer could have any objection to see his appeal to Israel published—but for the fact that it is orthodox Christian, and we have no department for such matter—our columns being open to the promotion of liberal views; hence, if the writer wished to see the article published in the GLEANER, it could be done only as an advertisement; or, if this does not suit, he may perhaps be able to induce the Missionary Societies to the Jews to give space to his ideas gratis. We hope these remarks will not deter Christians whose mentality approaches more that of our own, from sending in communications. We shall be glad to give space to liberal Christian matter, even though it be polemical.

COOLING.—We learn that the snow was nine feet deep at Skillman's Mill, Alpha, yesterday morning. As it snowed most of the day, yesterday, several feet more must be added by this time.—*Nevada Journal.*

CURAÇOA.—On the 19th of June an exhibition was opened, the receipts of which are to be distributed among the three respective religious communities of the island, Israelites, Protestants, and Catholics. The committee consisted of Ceachum Chumaceiro, president; the Protestant midister, vice-president, and the Catholic priest secretary. It is gratifying to behold the concord of these three religious bodies, whose ministers were thus enabled to carry out a plan for the benefit of their respective charities.

A PEACEABLE MAN.—A thorough knave will rarely quarrel with one that he can cheat. His revenge is plunder; therefore he is usually the most forgiving of beings, upon the principle that, if he come to an open rupture, he must defend himself, and this does not suit a fellow whose vocation it is to keep his hands in another man's pockets.

Appeal of the Ladies' Mount Vernon Association to the People of the State of California.

A recent appointment by Miss Ann Pamela Cunningham, Regent of the "Mount Vernon Ladies' Association of the Union," has devolved on the undersigned, the duty and the privilege of placing before the people of this State, the purposes of the Association.

An Act of Incorporation from the State of Virginia authorizes the Association "to purchase, hold and improve two hundred acres of Mount Vernon, including the mansion as well as the tomb of George Washington," and to receive a deed in fee simple, and to exercise full power over the use and management of the same.

Under this charter, a constitution has been adopted, which vests the power of management in a Regent and Vice Regents, selected one from each state in the Union.

In April, 1858, under the advice of legal gentlemen, a contract was executed for the purchase of Mount Vernon for $200,000, of which $18,000 was to be paid cash, $57,000 on the 1st of January, 1859, and the balance in three equal instalments of $41,666.66 each with interest from the date of the contract, payable on 22d February, 1860, 1861, 1863.

Until payment in full, the proprietor is to retain possession; but such payment may be made at any time.

The cash payment was made, and the gratifying intelligence has lately reached us that the instalment of $57,000 was duly met; thus securing the contract, which allows payments to be made, in sums of not less than $5,000, as soon as collected, thereby arresting the accrual of interest. All efforts, therefore, are now turned to the collection of funds for the pay ment of the deferred instalments at the earliest possible day, thereby saving a large amount of interest, and realizing the cherished hope of at once obtaining possession of Mount Vernon.

To this noble cause the women of the Union, deserting for the season the seclusion of domestic life, have brought their talents and all their energies. Amidst the discord of sectional strife, they bid us gather around the tomb of Washington as children of a common heritage, there recall his moderation of spirit and pure patriotism, and lay to heart the solemn warning of his last public words. They know that, standing on that hallowed spot, the pilgrims gathered from the wide expanse of the Republic can feel but one sentiment—reverence for his teaching, and devotion to the Union he so loved.

Men of high station and intellect—among whom Everett stands pre-eminent—are lending their influence and their eloquence to the cause. In twenty-one States of the Union, the good work goes bravely on, and California is now invited to do her part. Youngest of her sisters, she yields to none in reverence for the name of Washington and devotion to the Union. Animated then by these sentiments, and by a just State pride, let her people bring their offerings to this common altar of patriotism. Shall the gold of her glittering soil be poured alone into the lap of Commerce, and none be devoted to preserve and guard with sacred care the Groves of Mount Vernon? Let all then vie in generous rivalry, to show that California lacks not the heart to sympathize nor the hand to help this work of patriotism.

To the women of California this appeal is especially made. Your sisters of the East have assumed this honorable duty and claim your zealous co-operation. Our State will do her part liberally, if you resolutely take the matter in hand. On you, therefore, will it depend whether she shall respond to the call.

Although contributions to any amount are solicited, yet the price of membership is but one dollar. Concerted and systematic action, therefore, must be adopted to canvass the State from the Sierras to the Pacific. The duty of such organization devolves on the Vice Regent, and she proposes the following plan as simple and also effective, if seconded by your hearty co-operation.

Lady managers will be selected, one or more, for each city, town, village and mining camp in the State, who will appoint assistants, issuing to them credentials authorising them to receive contributions and enroll members. These assistants will report monthly to the Lady Managers appointing them.

The several Lady Managers will report monthly, also, to the Vice Regent, a complete list of names enrolled and the amounts received, with such suggestions as they may deem proper. Monthly the Vice Regent will forward to the Regent the sums received and a complete list of contributors, whose names will be recorded in volumes to be preserved at Mount Vernon, in perpetual memory of their tribute to this noble cause.

An Advisory Committee of Gentlemen has been selected, and their names are appended to the circular.

Louis. McLane is the Treasurer of the Association for this State.

Communications will be addressed: Mrs Magdalen G. Blanding, Vice Regent Mount Vernon Association, and forwarded through Wells, Fargo, & Co.'s Express, which has generously offered to convey them free of charge.

Office of the Association, No. 1, Lucas, Turner & Co's building, San Francisco.

MAGDALEN G. BLANDING.
Vice Regent for California.

We, the undersigned, take great pleasure in uniting with Mrs. Blanding in commending to our fellow citizens the cause which has been committed to her charge, and will gladly co-operate with her in securing its success.

Wm. Ingraham Kip,	Edward Stanly,
M. H. McAllister,	T. W. Freelon,
Harry I. Thornton,	E. D. Baker,
Ogden Hoffman,	Edward J. Pringle,
Balie Peyton,	F. P. Tracy,
Louis McLane,	H. W. Halleck.

Cures by Diet.

Quite a number of ordinary aliments may be used as medicines, with less injury to the system than the drugs, which are more or less poisonous, and the cures will be more permanent—accomplishing their object without any shock to the system, and without the danger of killing the patient, by mistaking the quantity, or quality, or name of the dose.

Ripe fruits and berries, silghtly acid, will remove the ordinary diarrhœas of early summer.

Common rice, parched brown, like coffee, and eaten in the ordinary way, without any other food, is, with perfect quietude of body, one of the most effective remedies for troublesome looseness of the bowels.

Some of the severest forms of that distressing ailment, dysentery, that is, when the bowels pass blood, with constant desire, yet vain efforts, to stool, are sometimes entirely cured by the patient eating a tablespoon full of raw beef, cut up very fine, and repeated at intervals of four hours, until cured—eating and drinking nothing else in the meanwhile.

If a person swallows any poison, whatever, or has fallen into convulsions from having overloaded the stomach, an instantaneous remedy, more efficient and applicable in a large number of cases than any half dozen medicines we can now think of, is a heaping teaspoon of common salt and as much ground mustard, stirred rapidly in a teacup of water, warm or cold, and swallowed instantly. It is scarcely down before it begins to come up, bringing with it the remaining contents of the stomach; and, lest there be any remnant of a poison, however small, let the white of an egg, or teacup of strong coffee, be swallowed as soon as the stomach is quiet; because these very common articles nullify a larger number of virulent poisons than any medicines in the shops.

In case of scalding or burning the body, immersing the part in cold water gives entire relief, as instantaneously as the lightning. Meanwhile, get some common dry flour, and apply it an inch or two thick on the injured part, the moment it emerges from the water, and keep sprinkling on the water. Do nothing else; drink nothing but water; eat nothing, until improvement commences, except some dry bread, softened in very weak tea of some kind. Cures of frightful burnings have been performed in this way, as wonderful as they are painless. —*Hall's Journal of Health.*

Ladies of fashion starve their happiness to feed their vanity, and their love to feed their pride.

If it were not for misfortune, there would be but litte wisdom.

A Curious Case.

We direct the attention of our readers to the following item—interesting in itself, as we use it for an introductory to a similar article, to show the power of intuitive prevision in man:

Madame de Genlis tells of a girl who had lost the use of her leg for five years, and could only move with the help of crutches, while her back had to be supported. She was in such a pitiable state of weakness, that the physicians had pronounced her case incurable. She, however, took it into her head that, if she was taken to Notre Dame de Liesse, she would certainly recover. It was fifteen leagues from Carlepont, where she lived. She was placed in the cart, which her father drove, while her sister sat by her, supporting her back. The moment the steeple of Notre Dame de Liesse was in sight, she uttered an exclamation, and said that her leg was getting well. She alighted from the car without assistance, and, no longer requiring the help of crutches, she ran into the church. When she returned home, the villagers gathered about her, scarcely believing that it was indeed the girl who had left them in such a wretched state, now when they saw her running and bounding along, no longer a cripple, but as active as any among them

Special Notices

PAYMENTS.

Camptonville—Mr. A Richardson to Volume III. 13.
Camptonville.—M. Lissner to Vol III. 13.
El Dorado—Messrs. Abraham & Co. to Volume III. 23.
Indian Diggings—Mr. M Levy to Volume III. 26.

BIRTHS.

In this city, Feb. 14th, the wife of F. Philips, of a Son.

In this city, Feb. 20th, the wife of B. Hagan, of a Daughter.

MARRIED.

In this city, Feb. 10th, Louis Stiefel, of Nevada, to Mathilde Livermuth.

REMOVAL.—Dr. Burbank, Dentist, has removed to 125 Montgomery street, over the well-known store of J. W. Tucker.

A HEAVY STOCK.—Tucker has a heavy stock of Jewelry, Plate, Watches, and Diamonds of every description, at No. 125 Montgomery street.

MATZOTH.—Matzoth of the best quality, and at the most reasonable prices, can be obtained from Elias Woolf, No. 303 Powell street, between Pacific and John streets; or of Philip Born, collector and Shamash of Synagogue Shearith Israel, at Horr's bakery, corner of Davis and Sacramento streets.

Chebrath Bikur Cholim Ukodaha.

This society will hold its regular meetings at the Hall of the Sons of Temperance, on Washington street, between Montgomery and Sansome, every second Sunday in each month, at 7 o'clock P. M. precisely.

L. KING, President.
15-tf SIMON CRANER, Secretary.

RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION.

Parents and Guardians are informed that our school for religious instruction of our children of both sexes, is kept at
133 Clay street, above
Merchant's Exchange.

DAYS AND HOURS OF SESSION
The school is open
Saturday, from 10 to 12 A. M.
Sunday, from 9 1-2 to 12 A. M.
Tuesdays and Thurdays, from 4 to 5 1-2 P. M.

DRY GOODS.

F. HENDERSON,
No. 61 Sacramento-street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

New Fancy and Staple Dry Goods,
BY THE ARRIVAL OF EVERY STEAMER AND CLIPPER.

Offered at the lowest Market Prices, to which I invite the attention of City and Country Merchants.

Assorted Prints—new styles; assorted Blankets; Berth and Bed Blankets; "York Mills" Cottons; Blue Denim—assorted; Linen Check and Hickory Shirts; "Ashland," Washington" and "Howard" Duck; White and colbred Marseilles Quilts; Brown Drill; Brown Sheeting; assorted colors Flannel; Ballard Vale White Flannel; Bleached and Slate Drills; Bed Ticking—assorted; Bleached Shirtings—assorted "Allendale" Sheetings—assorted widths Fine Brown Shirtings: Gray Twilled Flannel.
N. B. Orders for the Country promptly supplied.
feb12.G4m

S. SIMON. L. DINKELSPIEL.
SIMON & DINKELSPIEL,
Importers and Jobbers of
FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
HOSIERY, &c. &c.
No. 79 California Street,
Corner of Battery and California Streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

S. SIMON & CO.,
Importers and Jobbers
OF
Foreign & Domestic Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Hosiery, &c.,
No. 4 CALIFORNIA STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO.
au 2-G3m

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,
Importers of
DRY GOODS,
Clothing, Hats, Boots, Shoes, &c.,
No. 71 California-street.

Receive regular assortments by nearly every clipper in as also by steamer, which we offer at the lowest wholesal market prices. ap9-3m

HAAS & ROSENFELD,
Wholesale Dealers in
Yankee Notions, Fancy Goods, Playing Cards, Cutlery, Perfumery, Gold Dust Bags. Gent's Furnishing Goods, &c.,
No. 86 California-street, between Sansome and Battery

Constantly on hand an assortment of Hart's, Cohen's, Dougherty's, Crehore's and Fisk's Playing Cards.
S. HAAS. J. ROSENFELD.
feb26G-3m

GEO. W. CHAPIN & CO'S.
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE
AND
GENERAL AGENCY.

Find Employment for and Supply all Kinds of Help, Men and Wives for Farms, Hotels and Families.

House servants,	Harness Makers,	Boiler Makers
Cooks,	Book Keepers,	Pilots,
Seamstresses,	Teachers,	Teachers,
Stewards,	Engineers,	Painters,
Coachmen,	Porters,	Sail Makers,
Grooms,	Miners,	Marble Cutters,
Farm Hands,	Laborers,	Masons,
Day Laborers,	Gas Fitters,	Bricklayers,
Gardeners,	Clerks,	Plasterers,
Florists,	Salesmen,	Millers,
Laundresses,	Bakers,	Brewers,
Teamsters,	Confectioners,	Jewelers,
Lumbermen,	Blacksmiths,	Engravers,
Machinists,	Shipsmiths,	Tailors,
Sawyers,	Locksmiths,	Brick Makers,
Coppersmiths,	Hostlers,	Moulders,
Gunsmiths,	Butchers,	Carpenters,
Metal Turners,	Dairymen,	Boot Makers,
Wood Turners,	&c., &c.	

CHINESE COOKS AND LABORERS SUPPLIED.

ALSO, IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE,
A HOUSE BROKERAGE AND REAL ESTATE AGENCY.
Attend to Renting Houses, Leasing Land, &c,.
Bills Collected, Loans Negotiated,
GOODS BOUGHT ON COMMISSION, &c.
COUNTRY ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
N. E. CORNER KEARNY AND CLAY STREETS,
In the Museum Building,
San Francisco.

DRY-GOODS.

Heynemann, Pick & Co.,
89 and 91 California st.,
(EMPIRE BLOCK,)
IMPORTERS & JOBBERS,
OFFER FOR SALE,
BY THE
PIECE OR PACKAGE,
BLANKETS—RED, WHITE, BLUE AND GREEN;

Prints,	Hosiery,
French and English Merinos,	Velvet Ribbons,
Alpacas,	Black Oil Cloth,
Castores,	Pilot and Beaver-cloth, French Hats,
Marseilles,	Blk Oil cloth Hats,
Carpets,	
Hearth Rugs,	Shirts,
Crumb Cloth,	French and English Muslin Delane,
Linen Goods, of all kinds,	Spool Cotton,
Window Curtains,	Farmer's Satin,
Damasks,	Marshall's Linen Thread,
Wool Plaids,	Bunting.
Ginghams,	
Velvets,	

And a Full Assortment of
DRY-GOODS!
FOR SALE
AT LOWEST MARKET RATES,
s29.tf

ADELSDORFER BROTHERS
IMPORTERS OF
FANCY GOODS,
CUTLERY, PLAYING CARDS, YANKEE NOTIONS, &c.
No. 2 Custom House Block,
Corner of Sansome and Sacramento streets,
SAN FRANCISCO.
ADELSDORFER BROTHERS receive regular shipments of FANCY GOODS, from Europe and New York, and Sell at the very Lowest Prices.
ALWAYS ON HAND,
Hosiery, Accordeons, Perfumery, Playing Cards, Looking Glasses, Combs, Brushes, Porte Mouniaes, &c.
Together with a Complete assortment of Yankee Notions.

S. W. ROSENSTOCK. B. PRICE
ROSENSTOCK & PRICE,
Importers and Jobbers
OF
BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS, &c.,
BATTERY STREET
San Francisco.
dec17.

CHARLES HESS,
Dealer and Jobber in
DRY GOODS,
Clothing, Yankee Notions, &c.,
Sacramento-street, above Battery, (2d floor.)

N. B All orders from the Country attended to with espatch. ap9.3m

E. COLEMAN,
IMPORTER OF
Embroideries, Laces, Millinery Goods, Fringes, Ribbon Velvets, Silks, Buttons, Trimmings, Fancy Notions, &c.
No. 84 Sacramento street, San Francisco.
Basement. aug13tf

FRIEDLANDER & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
GENTS. FURNISHING GOODS.
STAPLE DRY GOODS,
No. 90 California street.,
Fresh Goods received every Steamer.
aug 27tf

Family Sewing Machines,
Manufactured by
WHEELER & WILSON.

H. C. HAYDEN, AGENT,
157 Sacramento-srteet, between Kearny and Montgomery-streets.

ALBERT KUNER,
SEAL ENGRAVER AND DIE SINKER,
167 Washington Street, San Francisco.
NOTARIAL SEALS, as prescribed by the law of 1853. Masonic and Official Seals of every description. Ornamental Engraving and Marking at the shortest notice, and at reasonable prices. ap3
STENCIL PLATES CUT TO ORDER.

SIMON BROTHERS,
SUCCESSORS TO
SIMON & BOHM
Importers and Jobbers of
Fancy and Staple Dry Goods
59 Sacramento, betw. Battery and Front street;
SAN FRANCISCO.

JANSON, BOND & CO.
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,
NO. 95,
Battery Street, corner of Clay,
SAN FRANCISCO.
Dec3

Hamburger Bros.

Beg leave to announce to their Friends particularly, and to the public in general, that they have resumed business.

They have reopened their store at:

111 Sacramento St. betw. Sans. and Mont.

where they will keep constantly on hand and receive by every Steamer from tde East, a general ASSORTMENT of domestic and FANCY DRY GOODS, CASHMERE, EMBROIDERIES, MERINOS, MILLINERY, GOODS GLOVES, TABLE CLOTH, HOSIERY, YANKEE NOTIONS, LACES, RIBBONS, GIMPS, SOCKS, SILKS ERINGES PRINTS, SHAWLS, PARASOLS, LINENS, DIAPERS, TOWELS TICKS, SHEETINGS, &C., ETC, ETC., ETC.

Which they offer at the lowest market rates.
P. S. Store will be closed on Saturdays.

CLOTHING, &C.

Clothing! Clothing! Clothing!
For Men, for Boys, and for Children!
For all Mankind, including the
MILLION!
WHAT CHEER CLOTHING EMPORIUM,
118 Sacramento-street.

COATS, PANTS, VESTS,
HANDKERCHIEFS, CRAVATS,
SUSPENDERS, GLOVES, BELTS, &c.
For sale at New York Auction Prices.
☞ Call and judge for yourself.
ASHIM BROTHERS,
118 Sacramento-street.
mar19-4m

WM. MEYER & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Gentlemen's and Boys' Clothing,
No. 170 Clay Street.
(BETWEEN KEARNY AND MONTGOMERY STREETS,)
jan22-G4m SAN FRANCISCO.

L. KING & BROTHER,
Importers and Jobbers of
CLOTHING,
BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, ETC.
No. 71 Battery St. bet. Sacramento and Cal. sts.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

HATS, CAPS, &c.

J. C. MEUSSDORFFER,
MANUFACTURER AND IMPORTER
—OF—
HATS AND CAPS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
No. 165 Commercial Street.
Below Kearny, SAN FRANCISCO.
Our Stock contains always the latest European and American styles.
Any kind of Hats (both Fur and Silk) made to order.
ja30—3m

THOMAS YOUNG,
Importer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Furs, Cloaks, Bonnets,
Ribbons, Flowers, Parasols, &c., &c.,
No. 165 Clay-street, (above Montgomery-street,)
SAN FRANCISCO. mar12-3m

LOUIS W. NEUSTADTER. HENRY NEUSTADTER.
NEUSTADTER BROTHERS,
Importers of
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Hosiery, Fancy Goods Yankee, Notions. Cutlery, Perfumery, &C., &C.,
Battery-street, Corner of Sacramento,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.,
Office, in New York, No. 72 William-street, up stairs.
feb12-G4m

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

A. S. ROSENBAUM & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF
Fine
HAVANA CIGARS,
TOBACCO, ETC.,
Corner Clay and Battery Streets,
SAN FRANCISCO. feb1

ST. LOSKY, LEVY & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF THE
Choicest Brands
—OF—
Havana Cigars,

And Sole Agents for the sale, in California, of
La Flor de Cabanas, Partagas y Ca Havana.
109 California Street,
Next door to Alsop & Co.

L. & E. WERTHEIMER,
Importers and Dealers in
CIGARS AND TOBACCO
No. 2 Franklin Building, Corner Sacramento and Battery Streets,
SAN FRANCISCO. feb12-G4m

Cigars and Tobacco
BY EVERY STEAMER.
FALKENSTEIN & CO.,
Southeast corner Commercial and Battery-sts.
Orders promptly attended to. feb12-G4m

GENUINE MEERCHAUM
PIPES,
A. WASSERMANN & CO.,
No. 3 Custom House Block, Sacramento-street, up-stairs.
IMPORTERS of German and French
DRY & FANCY GOODS, CIGARS
GENUINE AND IMITATION
MEERCHAUM PIPES, ETC. ETC. ETC
feb13-3m

LEVINSON BROTHERS,
Importers and Jobbers in
HAVANA AND DOMESTIC CIGARS,
CHOICE BRANDS OF CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO.
CIGARITOS, MATCHES, SNUFF, PIPES, ETC.,
No. 46 Front street, near corner of California.
SAN FRANCISCO.
feb19-G6m

LATEST BRANDS,
JUST RECEIVED,
CIGARS! CIGARS! CIGARS!
Tried, Recommended and Found to be the "Ne Plus Ultra.
Kozminsky
Patten's Exchange Sansome Street.
mar19-3m

CIGARS AND TOBACCO
J. ROSENBERG,
Dealer in
Cigars and Tobacco at Wholesale.
No. Custom House Block, Between Sansome and Battery-streets.
N. B. Those who favor us with orders may rely upon our prompt execution of the same in strict compliance as to the *quality* ordered. j4.G3m

L. KRAMBACH,
Importer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
CROCKERY,
Glassware, Plated and Britannia Ware
Cutlery, Lamps, &c.
No. 140 Clay Street,
Between Montgomery and Sansome, opposite Leidesdorff Street, ap9.3m

ADOLPH HIRSCH,
IMPORTER AND JOBBER IN
China, Glass and Earthenware,
Britannia and Plated Ware,
CUTLERY, LOOKING-GLASSES,
&c., &c.,
..AT HIS OLD STAND..
152 Kearny Street,
Between Commercial and Sacramento-streets,
SAN FRANCISCO.

N. B. Particular attention paid to packing Goods for the Interior or Coast Trade.
ap9.1f

S. ROSENBAUM,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Collections specially attended to.

aug. 27tf Oroville, Butte County.

JOSEPH SIMPSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

133 Clay st., Office No. 8, up stairs,

aug27tf San Francisco.

B. L. BRANDT,

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL

PAINTER,

No. 100 California Street, - - - San Francisco

—o—

GRAINING, MARBLING, GILDING, ETC., ETC

HOOPS & KANARY,

PAINTING PAINTING

In all its branches;

GLAZING, GILDING &c.

143 California Street,

Third door West of Montgomery Street.

Dec3

PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS, &C

OLIVER & BUCKLEY

Have now landing and in Store, and for sale at LOWEST RATES,

3000 kegs White Lead,
20,000 gals. Linseed Oil (boiled and raw),
10,000 " Spirits Turpentine,
2000 " Varnish (English and American),
700 doz. Paint and Whitewash Brushes (ass'd sizes),
5000 boxes Window Glass (ass'd sizes),
6700 lbs. Glue (ass'd qualities),

Together with a Large Stock of all Articles in our Line, which we are receiving regularly from the Best Manufacturers.

We have also at all times on hand
Camphene,
Sperm Oil,
Polar Oil,
Tanners' Oil,
Lard Oil,
and Solar Oil.

In Lots to Suit, at

86 and 88 Washington St. and

87 and 89 OREGON street.

oct15-3m2dp.

STOTT & CO.,

Pioneer Camphene Distillers and Oil Manufacturers,

IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN

Lamps, Chimnies, Globes, Wick, Alcohol, Spirits, Turpentine, Axle-Grease, &c.

Office, No. 126 Sansome Street, cor. of Merchant

N. B. Orders from the Country, accompanied by Remittances, will be promptly dispatched, and the Goods put at low prices.

ml3-tf

M. BERNHEIM,

(Late of Mercer & Bernheim)

Wholesale Confectioner,

—AND—

IMPORTER OF CONFECTIONERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

No. 104 CLAY STREET,

Between Sansome and Battery.

Informs his Customers and the Public at large, that he has opened this Establishment, where he has always on hand a large Stock of Stick Candies, Seeds and Almonds, Drops, Lumps, Mottoes, Lozenges, Gum Drops, Jujube Paste, French Bon Bons, and every variety of confectionery.—A thorough acquaintance with the business, by a practice of six years, renders him competent to guarantee his goods.

☞ Please call No. 104 Clay street, San Francisco. Orders for the country punctually attended to. j18-tf

AUCTION HOUSES, &c.

T. J. L. SMILEY. GEO. W. SMILEY.

SMILEY, YERKES & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

SALESROOM—S. W. corner of Sacramento and Sansome streets.

SALE DAYS.

MONDAYS—Regular Catalogue Sales (in second story salesroom) of FRENCH GOODS, SILKS, EMBROIDERIES, STAPLE DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, &c.

WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS, } Regular Catalogue Sales of BOOTS, BROGANS, CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS BLANKETS ap3

H. M. NEWHALL. E. W. EDDY.

NEWHALL, GREGORY & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS.

SALESROOM—Fire-Proof Brick Building corner of Sacramento and Battery Streets.

REGULAR SALE DAYS—Mondays and Thursdays.

Regular Sales by Catalogue,

—OF—

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, CUTLERY, FANCY GOODS, &c.

ap3

R. D. W. DAVIS & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

SALE DAYS.....TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

AT 10 o'clock, A. M.

THE UNDERSIGNED having taken the Fireproof Brick Store on the southwest cornrr of California and Sansome streets, will continue the Auction and Commission Business, under the name and style of R. D. W. DAVIS & CO. Gratefully acknowledging the favors heretofore extended to him, he respectfully solicits a share of patronage.

ap3 R. D. W. DAVIS.

JAMES HAYES,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN MARBLE

Grave Stones.

Chimney, Table & Counter Tops.

No. 166 CALIFORNIA STREET.

Hebrew Inscriptions executed with precision, and neatness. All work done in best manner, at the lowest prices.

ISIDOR CHARLES,

PAPER BOX MANUFACTURER.

Shirt, Bonnet, Shoe, Notary, Jewelry, Wedding Cake AND

All Kinds of Fancy Boxes

MADE TO ORDER.

Keeps constantly on hand Boxes of every description.

No. 112 Sacramento street,

BETWEEN MONTGOMERY AND SANDSOME STREETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA. a6tf

Gleaner Job Office,

133 Clay Street, below Montgomery.

The Proprietor of the "Weekly Gleaner" respectfully informs his subscribers and the public that an extensive Job Printing Office, supplied with all the modern improvements in type and machinery, is now attached to this Journal.

Our country friends will please notice that orders sent to us in this department will be faithfully and correctly executed at the lowest city rates, and the finished work promptly transmitted free from Express Charges.

HEBREW, GREEK & MUSIC

Are included in the Book Fonts of this Establishment, placing it in advance of any office in the State. Comprised in its varied work may be enumerated

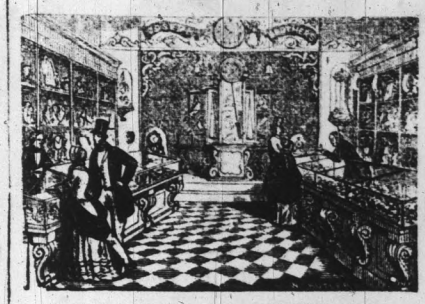
Posting Bills all Sizes,

BY-LAWS,	PAMPHLETS,
CATALOGUES,	CIRCULARS,
BILL-HEADS,	PROGRAMMES,
CARDS,	BRIEFS,
SHOW CARDS,	FORMS (General)

GENERAL BOOK WORK,

In this branch of our business a liberal credit will be placed at the convenience of our patrons.

JEWELRY.



JOSEPH BROTHERS,

Importers and Manufacturers of

WATCHES,

Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware,

&c., &c.,

149 Montgomery street, between Clay and Merchant.

SAN FRANCISCO.

ap9-3m

M. M. LEWIS,

Pioneer

WATCH & JEWELRY STORE,

No. 183 CLAY STREET.

HAS a large and desirable assortment of every description of JEWELRY, WATCHES, of the best manufacturers, QUARTZ JEWELRY and DIAMOND WORK, at most reasonable prices.

Diamond and Specimen Work manufactured to order, by skilful workmen.

No connection with any other house

Don't forget the number, 183 CLAY STREET, between Montgomery and Kearny sts., opposite Court Block.

may28

JOHN W. TUCKER,

IMPORTER OF AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

WATCHES, DIAMONDS,

SILVER WARE.

Jewelry and Silver Plated Ware.

QUARTZ WORK OF ALL KINDS ON HAND.

Watches repaired with care and warranted.

No. 125 Montgomery Street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

Persons in the Interior desirous of purchasing articles of Jewelry by forwarding a description, accompanied by the cash, can obtain them, and depend on their being of the best quality, and selected with care; and there is little doubt that this mode will prove as satisfactory to the purchasers as if the articles had been selected under their own supervision. feb 3-3m

BRAVERMAN & LEVY,

WATCH MAKERS,

AND

JEWELERS,

No. 167 Washington Street,

HAVE Constantly on hand a large and beautiful assortment of

FINE WATCHES,

JEWELRY,

QUARTZ WORK, ETC.

In Silver Ware,

We always keep a well selected stock of such articles as Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons; silver candlesticks; silver cake baskets, silver waiters, silver castors, silver cups, silver napkin rings, &c. &c.

Also—Silver Plated Ware, which we offer or sale at very low prices. mh6tf

FIRST PREMIUM AGAIN.

R. H. VANCE;

Has, by the superiority of his Daguerreotypes and Ambrotypes, received

THE FIRST PREMIUM

warded by the State Fair of 1856, being the

THIRD TIME

RECEIVED AGAINST ALL

COMPETITORS,

Corner of Sacramento and Montgomery Streets.

To those who wish something new and beautiful, we have purchased the Patent Right for cutting

AMBROTYPES

for this State, and is now prepared to take them in a style unequalled in the United States, of any size, from the smallest miniature to life-size.

I hereby denounce all Pictures taken on glass, in this City or State, and called Ambrotypes, as "bogus," and a fraud upon the public, being a miserable imitation of the genuine article.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

We are now executing the finest PHOTOGRAPHS, "BOTH PLAIN AND COLORED," ever taken in the State.

Photographic Views of Buildings, Machinery, &c. &c., taken at the shortest notice, and in a superior manner.

If you want a good picture, go to VANCE'S corner of Sacramento and Montgomery streets. feb20-3m

ALEXANDER & LEVY,

Paper Box Manufacturers

82 Sacramento Street, (Rooms Nos. 8 & 9.)

All kinds of BOXES made to order and punctually executed, at the lowest prices.

☞ Keeps constantly on hand an assortment of every description. jan 22-G&V 1m

PHYSICIANS, DENTISTS, &c.

CARL PRECHT,

Dr. Med. Chir. and Accoucheur

Office hours from 7 to 11 o'clock, A. M.

223 Dupont street, near to Washington

jy 10

DR. J. REC[illegible]GER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

NO. 128 STOCKTON STREET,

Between Clay and Washington streets,

1 9-3m San Francisco

A Card.

☞ Parties who wish to save their teeth or to have new ones inserted, are politely requested to call on Dr. Burbank, 125 Montgomery street, over J. W. Tucker's Jewelry Store. At his new office, Dr. B. is prepared to undertake any mechanical or medical operation relative to dentistry. Teeth are extracted, plugged, and whole sets made to order. Ladies and gentlemen whom this Card may interest, may satisfy themselves as to the dental skill of Dr. B., by inspecting specimens of his work. jan10-3m

ROBERT SANDER & CO.,

APOTHECARIES,

CALIFORNIA STREET,

Near Montgomery, Opposite the Express Building.

Prescriptions invariably prepared personally by Mr. Sander, whose experience is well established.

feb5-G&V3m

Only $1 per Bath!

AND LESS,

IF A NUMBER OF TICKETS ARE PURCHASED

DR. BOURNE'S

ELECTRO CHEMICAL BATHS!

AND

VAPOR BATHS!

SOUTHEAST CORNER OF SANSOME AND COMMERCIAL STREETS,

(opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel.)

As these Baths equalize the circulation and purify the blood, increase and equalize the nervous forces, improve appetite, deterge all effete matter, and impart universal warmth and strength to the system, they are invaluable aids in the cure of ALL diseases; but especially Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Fever and Ague, &c.; and for Colds, Coughs, and all Affections of the Chest, are absolutely of unequalled efficacy.

☞ But it is not proper to take a Bath until three hours or more, after a meal.

They also remove from the human system Mercury in all its forms, as well as all other Mineral and Drug Poisons.

☞ A department for ladies, which is attended by a competent lady.

The effect of POISON OAK thoroughly eradicated, frequently by a Single Bath.

DYSPEPSIA is permanently CURED (not patched up) in from six to ten weeks. Failure to cure is almost impossible.

House patients received—Ladies or Gentlemen.

☞ The Electro-Chemical Baths are NOT administered persons suffering with infectous or loathsome diseases.

CONSULTATION FREE! a12tf

מצות

Matzoth! מצות **Matzoth!**

We beg leave to announce to the Hebrew Communities in California and Oregon that the contract for baking the MATZOTH for next Passover (Pesach) has been awarded us. Having baked the best kind of Matzoth last year, we shall certainly give entire satisfaction this time.

All orders to be left at the Oriental Bakery, Vallejo St. between Stockton and Powell St.; Bachmans Hotel, Battery St., or at the St. Nicholas Hotel Sansome Street.

N. B. Orders from the Country will be most promptly attended, and those in the City sent to any part free of charge.

Jan27 E. ADLER.

מצות **MAZOTH** מצות

The undersigned begs to inform his co-religionists, that he is baking מצות for the ensuing פסח of a far superior quality to any ever made in this city. He also prepares the finest kind of Matzoth Meal (pulverised Matzoth;) keeps on hand Potato Flour, Macaroni, Sponge Cake, and Chocolate, especially made by himself in strict compliance with the ceremonial prescriptions to be used for פסח.

To be had at the lowest rates.

☞ Orders from the country are requested to be forwarded at an early day.

A. ENGLANDER,

369 Second St. betw. Mission and Minna. St

The Family.

The True Wife.

A sketch from an address by V. Cooke, of Columbus, Texas.

"I fancy a young man just emerging from the bright elysium of youth, and commencing the bright journey of life. Honest, noble and gifted—the broad world to his warm hopes is the future scene of affluence, fame and happiness. Under his active energies business prospers, as a consequence, his friends come about him. Ere long he meets a sensible and simple girl who wins his heart, and who loves and trusts him in return. He does not stop to ask what the world will say about the match in case he marries her. Not he. The world is kicked out of doors, and the man determines to be the architect of his own happiness. He does not stop to enquire whether the girl's father is rich in lands and slaves and coin; but he marries her for the most philosophic of all reasons—because *he loves her!* He builds his home in some quiet spot, where green trees wave their summer glories, and where bright sunbeams fall. Here is the Mecca of his heart, towards which he turns with more than Eastern adoration. Here is a green island in the sea of life, where rude winds never assail, and storms never come. Here, from the troubles and cares of existence, he finds solace in the society of her who is gentle without weakness, and sensible without vanity.

Friends may betray him, and foes may oppress; but when towards home his weary footsteps turn, and there beam upon him golden smiles of welcome, the clouds lift from his soul—the bruised heart is restored and the strong man made whole. I see the man fall into adversity. Creditors seize his property, poverty stares him in the face, and he is avoided on all hands as a ruined man. When he sees all go—friends credit and property—grief stricken and penniless, he seeks his humble home. Now does his wife desert him too? Nay, verily! When the world abandons and persecutes the man, she draws closer to his side, and her affection is all the warmer because the evil days have come upon him. The moral excellencies of her soul rise superior to the disasters of fortune. And when she sees that man sit mournful and disconsolate, like Themistocles by the Houshold Gods of Admethus, hers is the task to comfort and console. She reminds him that misfortune has oft overtaken the wisest and the best; that all is never lost while health and hope survive; that she still is near to love, to help and encourage him. The man listens, his courage rallies, and the shadows flee from his heart; armed once more, he enters the arena of life. Industry and energy restore him to competency; fortune smiles upon him friends return and—

"Joy mounts exulting on triumphant wings."

Again the scene shifts. I see the man stretched weak and wasted on a bed of sickness. The anxious wife anticipates every want and necessity. Softly her foot falls on the carpet, gently her hand presses the fevered brow of the sufferer. Though the face gives token of her own weariness and suffering, yet through the long watches of each returning night, her vigils are kept beside the loved one's couch. At last disease beleaguers the fortress of life; and the physician solemnly warns his patient that death is approaching. He feels it too; and the last words of trust are addressed to her who is weeping beside his dying bed. And, in truth, the last hour hath come. I imagine it is a fit time to depart; for the golden sun himself has died on the evening's fair horizon, and rosy clouds bear him to his grave beyond the western hills!

Hints to Ladies.

A very sensible matron once remarked—"Men of sense—I speak not of boys of from eighteen to five-and-twenty, during their age of detestability,—men who are worth the trouble of falling in love with, and the fuss and inconvenience of being married to, and to whom one might, after some inward conflicts, and a course, perhaps, of fasting and self-humiliation, submit to fulfill those ill-contrived vows of obedience which are extracted at the altar. Such men want not dolls for their companions; and women who would suit such men are just as capable of loving fervently, deeply, as the ringlettina, full of song and sentiment,—who cannot walk— cannot rise in the morning—cannot tie her bonnet strings—faints if she has to lace her boots—never in her life brushed out her beautiful hair — would not, for the world, prick her delicate finger with plain sewing; but who can work harder than a factory girl upon a lamb's-wool shepherdess—dance like a dervise—ride like a fox-hunter—and, while every breath of air gives cold in her father's gloomy country house, and she cannot think how people can endure this climate, she can go out to dinner parties in February and March, with an inch of sleeve and half-a-quarter of boddice."

WHAT NEXT?—A sailor once went to see a juggler exhibit his tricks. There happened to be a quantity of gunpowder in the apartment underneath, which took fire and blew up the house. The sailor was thrown into the garden behind, where he fell without being hurt. He stretched his arms and legs, got up, shook himself, rubbed his eyes, and, conceiving what had happened to be only a part of the performance, cried out—

"Well, I wonder what the fellow intends to do next!"

ASIATIC MYSTERIES.—It is well known that East Indians have many inventions unknown to Europeans, and that they possess secrets incomprehensible to us. The Chinese understood the art of printing several centuries before Western nations, and they also used gunpowder a long time before it was known in Europe. In Bengal the art of serpent-charming strikes foreigners with astonishment In Chili the Spaniards instituted a system o rapid correspondence by means of the human voice, which at that period went ahead of every other mode of communition. In the kingdom of Montezuma, videttes were established at stated distances, who transmitted the orders of government, and forwarded information with the utmost rapidity from one end of the kingdom to the other.

A fop of fashion is the mercer's friend, the tailor's fool, and his own foe.

A forced kindness deserves no thanks.

A fox should not be of the jury at a goose's trial.

A friend is not so gotten as lost.

A friend to every body is a friend to nobody.

A galled horse will not endure the comb.

Sidney Smith says: "One evil of old age is that, as your time has come, you think every little illness is the beginning of the end. When a man expects to be arrested every knock at at the door is an alarm. Among the evils of getting old, one is, that every little illness may probably be the last. You feel like a delinquent who knows the constable is looking out after him.

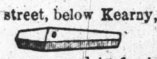
NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FIRST PREMIUM RECEIVED
AT THE
STATE FAIR,
....BY....
COLLINS & TIFFANY,

WHO invite the public to their well-known Establishment, at
No. 171 Washington Street,
(Late of 157 Commercial Street)
They have in store a full assortment of **SPRING HATS,** for which the Premium was awarded: also, a variety of Goods appertaining to this Branch, and a large assortment of Soft, French Beaver Hats.
☞ **HATS MADE TO ORDER.** ☜
feb 25-tf

DAGUERREOTYPES, AMBROTYPES,
Photographs and Painting,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
—BY—
HENRY BUSH,
No. 219 Washington Street, below Dupont.

WHOEVER has passed that locality cannot but have noticed the splendid likenesses of Mr. Bush; and none of his patrons will leave his gallery ungratified. Mr. Bush takes the most perfect likenesses in the above styles, from the Ring Size to Life-Size. He is the inventor of the new CAMERA OBSCURA, for which he has a Patent. Mr. Bush is an Artist, devoted with unusual attachment to his vocation. Those visiting his gallery will convince themselves that the number of years which he has devoted to his profession have been well improved.
Prices to suit the times and the demands.
feb25-tf

MASSEY & YUNG,
GENERAL FURNISHING UNDERTAKERS,
No. 161 Sacramento street, below Kearny, San Francisco.

The Subscribers are prepared to furnish everything in their line of business in the best manner, and on the most reasonable terms; as an evidence of this, we would call attention to our Handsome Coffins, enclosed in French Plate Glass, which protects the Remains from the weather; also, our large stock on hand, which enables us to be prepared at the shortest notice. [feb25-tf

WANTED.— By a German girl of excellent character and references, a situation as cook, with washing or other work, in a Jewish family. Apply to Mr. Joel Mintz, Commerial st. near Sansome, over Mr. Fromberg's store.

LYCEUM.
JOHN WILSON..... PROPRIETOR
DRAMATIC SEASON!
Engagement for a limited number of nights of the
CHIEF OF IRISH HUMORIST,
Mr. John Drew,
Who will appear nightly in new and interesting pieces, supported by the most
POWERFUL STOCK COMPANY IN CALIFORNIA
Notwithstanding the combined attraction at this house, the price will remain as usual:
25 AND 50 CENTS
Making this at once the
Most Elegant & Popular Place of Amusement
IN CALIFORNIA!!
Doors open at 7 o'clock; curtain rises at half-past 7.

UHLFELDER. LEOPOLD CAHN
UHLFELDER & CAHN,
Importers and Jobbers in
Fancy and Staple Dry Goods
No 84 California Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.
G6m

MINISTER FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

The Congregation Emanu-El of San Francisco, Cal. wishes to engage at the earliest possible date
A Minister and School-Superintendent,
and is now ready to receive applications Amount of Salary **Three thousand dollars** PER ANNUM, WITH THE USUAL PERQUISITES.

Term of first engagement: NOT LESS THAN THREE NOR MORE THAN FIVE YEARS.

Applicants in all cases will please to send in their Credentials, as well as all such references that may not only be necessary but also tend to facilitate preliminary negotiations.

Henry Seligman — President
B. Hagan — Recd. Secy.
A. Tandler, A. Wasserman, B, Hamburger, A. Halphen, H. Greenebaum } Committee on Ministry

SAN FRANCISCO Nov. 14. 1858
dec17tf

CAMPHENE AND OIL!
—Manufactured by—
A. C. DIETZ & CO,
Office and Store--132 Washington Street,
between Montgomery and Sansome opposite the market
We offer at the lowest market rates:
Camphene

We can warrent our Camphene, to be superior to any other manufactured in this state, burning free of all smoke and giving a pure white flame, leaving no colour or crust on the wick after burning. We can produce positive proof, that one gallon of our Camphene will give as much light, as one gallon and a quart of any other, And a great advantage to country merchants and dealers, that it will keep good for six months, and burn as clear and free as the first day it was manufactured,

We have constantly on hand: Oil of all descriptions as
SPERM OIL,
LARD OIL,
POLAR OIL,
CHINA OIL,
NEATS FOOT OIL,
MACHINERY OIL,
LINSEED OIL &c. &c.
TURPENTINE,
BURNING FLUID AND
95 PER CENT ALCOHOL,
Also a large assortment of Lamps, of all descriptions.
dec, 17.

SACRAMENTO.
JOSEPH LORYEA,
Importer and Jobber in
CROCKERY,
GLASSWARE, LAMPS, & c.,
Chandeliers, Plated & Brittannia Ware,
Looking-Glasses, &c., &c.,
No. 146 J. street, between 5th and 3th. streets,
SACRAMENTO.
N. B. Goods delivered to any part of the City free charge. ap23.m

מצות
I, FRIEDMAN & R. N. L. MEYERS will this year bake MATZOTH of a Superior Quality, and according to the requirements of the DINIM.
They recommend themselves to their friends in the City and Country, requesting them to send in their orders at an early date.
☞ All Orders in the City and from the Country will be promptly attended to.
Orders received at M. & A. L. MEYERS, Glass Dealers, in the Basement, corner Dupont and Washington stree s; also at the Furniture Store, corner Dupont and Pacific sts., San Francisco. feb18 2m.

מצות
The undersigned brings to the notice of the Israelites of this State and Oregon that he bake MATZOTH of the best quality and with the strictest attention to din.
Any orders from the Country will be punctually attended to, and those for the city forwarded free of extra charge to any part of the city. Address: ELIAS WOOLF
303 Powell Street between Pacific and Jackson, one door from John Street.
Please, send your orders at an early date.

ספר תורה
Any society or individual who is desirous of purchasing a SEPHER THORAH, may apply at the office of "*The Gleaner*, No. 133 Clay Street, (up stairs,) San Francisco.